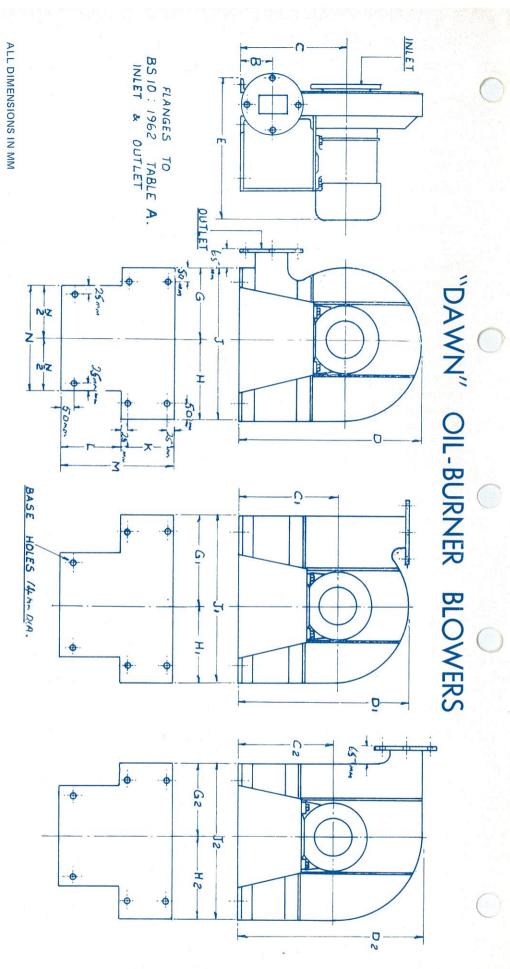
9 FS	8 FS	7 FS	6 FS	5 FS	4 FS	3 FS	FAN
92.	98	79	102	92	79	108	в
437	429	413	395	387	375	349	C
422	416	405	379	375	365	329	C1
408	403	397	360	362	356	311	C2
794	781	759	802	699	680	610	D
765	756	743	670	673	660	572	D
794	781	759	705	669	089	606	D2
470	445	394	445	394	394	406	ш
343	340	338	292	299	295	243	G
386	379	362	345	337	324	295	G
343	340	338	292	299	295	243	G2
372	365	354	327	324	314	278	т
357	352	346	310	311	305	260	H
372	365	354	327	324	314	278	H2
714	705	692	619	622	610	521	د
743	730	807	654	648	629	556	J
714	705	692	619	616	610	521	J2
159	149	140	165	156	143	168	~
210	206	203	191	178	200	175	-
368	356	343	356	343	343	343	Ξ
356	356	330	356	330	330	330	z

125	100	06	125	100	100	125	INLET	
75	65	50	06	75	50	100	OUTLET	



UAW			Buri	ner	Blu	DWei
DAWA DAWA DAWA DAWA DAWA DAWA DAWA DAWA	8F5 - 9867 - RO	is f 7	FS – PRESSUR This range of s specifically urnace applic .0 kPa and tomization a	f standard designed cations wh volumes	"DAWN" O to suit a ne ere pressure from 71 L/s	umber of c from 3.5 s to 247 l
		г	here are 7		e range with	designatio
			esign duties a	as under:		
Designation	Code No.		esign duties a olume	as under:	Pressure	Мо
Designation 3-FS	Code No. 124337	. v	olume			Mc 1.5
		V 2		@ @	Pressure 3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa	1.5
3-FS	124337	. V 2	olume 12 L/s	Q	3.5 kPa	Mo 1.5 1.5 1.5
3-FS 4-FS	124337 124345	2 1	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s	0	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa	1.5 1.5 1.5
3-FS 4-FS 5-FS	124337 124345 124353	2 2 1 2	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s 35 L/s	@ @ @	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa	1.5 1.5 1.5 2.2
3-FS 4-FS 5-FS 6-FS 7-FS 8-FS	124337 124345 124353 124361 124396 124409	2 2 1 2	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s 35 L/s 47 L/s	@ @ @	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa	1.5 1.5 1.5 2.2 1.5
3-FS 4-FS 5-FS 6-FS 7-FS	124337 124345 124353 124361 124361	V 2 1 1 2 1	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s 35 L/s 47 L/s 71 L/s	@ @ @ @	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 7.0 kPa	1.5 1.5
3-FS 4-FS 5-FS 6-FS 7-FS 8-FS	124337 124345 124353 124361 124396 124409	V 2 1 1 2 1	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s 65 L/s 47 L/s 71 L/s 41 L/s	@ @ @ @	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 7.0 kPa 7.0 kPa	1.5 1.5 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2
3-FS 4-FS 5-FS 6-FS 7-FS 8-FS	124337 124345 124353 124361 124396 124409	V 2 1 1 2 1	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s 65 L/s 47 L/s 71 L/s 41 L/s	@ @ @ @	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 7.0 kPa 7.0 kPa	1.5 1.5 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2
3-FS 4-FS 5-FS 6-FS 7-FS 8-FS 9-FS	124337 124345 124353 124361 124396 124409 124417	V 2 11 2 14 2	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s 35 L/s 47 L/s 71 L/s 41 L/s 12 L/s	@ @ @ @	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 7.0 kPa 7.0 kPa 7.0 kPa	1.5 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2 3.0
3-FS 4-FS 5-FS 6-FS 7-FS 8-FS 9-FS WEIGHTS: 3-FS	124337 124345 124353 124361 124396 124409 124409 124417 4-FS	V 2 1 1 2 1 4 2 5-FS	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s 35 L/s 47 L/s 71 L/s 12 L/s 6-FS	@ @ @ @ @	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 7.0 kPa 7.0 kPa 7.0 kPa	1.5 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2 3.0
3-FS 4-FS 5-FS 6-FS 7-FS 8-FS 9-FS	124337 124345 124353 124361 124396 124409 124409 124417 4-FS	V 2 11 2 14 2	olume 12 L/s 32 L/s 35 L/s 47 L/s 71 L/s 41 L/s 12 L/s	@ @ @ @	3.5 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 5.25 kPa 7.0 kPa 7.0 kPa 7.0 kPa	1.5 1.5 2.2 1.5 2.2 3.0 FS

Matching Flanges.

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Vibration Dampeners or other mountings.

CONSTRUCTION:

Welded fabricated heavy gauge steel case and motor pedestal, reinforced at critical positions. The inlet side plate is screwed in position and can be easily removed to inspect the impeller.

Flanged inlet and outlet (B.S.10:1962 – Australian amendment AS.B52-1964 Table A) are provided to facilitate easy connection to standard pipe flanges and thereby ensure that the pipework connected to the blower will be the same as was used in factory testing and for which the blower was designed.

The fully shrouded impeller is rigidly constructed of mild steel around a cast iron centre. It is statically and dynamically balanced, and direct coupled to a 2 Pole 50 Hz TEFC motor (3000 r/min. Synchronous Speed). Rated performance is calculated at 2850 r/min.

G.M.F. Motors are normally supplied, but other makes may be used if you so desire.

All of these fans are available, if required, as pulley-drive units. The design duty rating being the same as for direct coupled motorized blowers.

DISCHARGE & DRIVE:

The standard blower discharge and drive is "RO" (BS:848 Part 1: 1963), this is commonly referred to as "Right-hand Under Cast". Any other direction of discharge and drive may be had if specified on order.

APPLICATIONS:

This range is a "fabricated steel" extension of the "DAWN" Cast Iron Pressure Blower range, and as such is suitable for the same type of duties where higher pressure and volume is necessary. These include the supply of air to oil, gas or solid fuel fired furnaces or ovens, and are used extensively by leading combustion engineers in conjunction with many different heating units. They are particularly suitable for the aeration of pulverized material, such as cement hoppers, where condensation of compressed air is a problem and dry air is essential. In this application they are also, by far, more economical than compressed air. There are numerous other applications within the volume and pressure capacities shown on the performance tables on opposite page.

SELECTION FOR OIL COMBUSTION APPLICATIONS:

These blowers are designed primarily to provide a series of standard pressure blowers, which can be obtained "ex-stock", to meet the atomizing air requirements of a number of everyday furnace applications where 4.5, 9, 18, 36 and 72 litre per hour burners are used, either singly or in multiples, and with an "over-pressure" characteristic to compensate for additional resistance in the piping system.

Oil-burner Air Volume:

Theoretical total air for complete combustion of oil is 16.5 L/s of air for each 4.5 litres of oil per hour, allowing a margin for losses. In practice, with "Open-nose" burners, it can be assumed that approximately 0.14 cubic metres of air will be inducted at the burner nose for every 0.84 cubic metre provided by the blower through the burner, and therefore the blower requirement is reduced to 14 L/s per 4.5 litres of oil per hour. For "Sealed-nose" burners 16.5 L/s per 4.5 litres of oil per hour must be provided by the blower. For certain classes of process more air must be provided than is required for complete combustion, or, in other words, conditions will be adjusted so that the rate of oil feed will be less than 4.5 L/h for every 16.5 L/s.

Oil-burner Air Pressure:

All oil-burners have a minimum air pressure requirement for atomizing the fuel oil to be burnt. These pressures are available from the burner manufacturers. Care must be taken in selecting a blower for oil-burner operation to allow for sufficient pressure, over the burner requirement, to overcome other resistances in the system.

For example: A blower is required to supply atomizing air to a furnace which is equipped with 4 "sealed-nose" burners, each of which burns 9 litres of oil per hour, and has an operating pressure of 5.25 kPa. The system resistance between blower and burners is equal to approximately 1.5 kPa.

As stated previously, "sealed-nose" burners require 16.5 L/s each. Therefore:

 $4 \times 16.5 L/s \times 2 = 132 L/s air volume$

and burner operating pressure is 5.25 kPa; plus system resistance pressure 1.25 kPa. Therefore: pressure required equals 5.25 + 1.5 = 6.75 kPa.

The blower then must be capable of delivering 132 L/s against 6.75 kPa. It is wise to select the blower closest to this duty **but above it**. Your selection then will be a "DAWN" 8–FS Oil-burner Blower, the design duty of which is 141 L/s @ 7 kPa.

MULTI-STAGING:

These blowers are ideally suited to multi-staging, in series for pressure increase or in parallel for volume increase. While generally it is more economical to install a larger blower to achieve this increase, it is sometimes convenient to stage a second blower to an existing one when increasing the performance of equipment already installed. If a larger blower is necessary, may we recommend your reference to the brochure detailing "DAWN" High Pressure Blowers, a range having capacities up to 2350 L/s @ 1.25 kPa. See also: "DAWN" Cast Iron Pressure Blowers.

The performances shown are taken from actual factory tests conducted in accordance with B.S.848: Part 1:1963; Test Method No. 3. The following tables are at rated speed of 2850 r/min. Graphs of performance curves are available if required.

								DESIGN DUTY					
	3–FS	kPa L/s kW	2.25 287 1.49	2.5 280 1.46	2.75 268 1.43	3.0 254 1.40	3.25 235 1.35	3.5 212 1.30	3.75 176 1.25	4 103 1.10	4.03 61 1.05	4 ND 1.00	
\bigcirc	4–FS	kPa L/s kW	4 103 1.39	4.25 101 1.37	4.5 99 1.37	4.75 94 1.34	5.0 89 1.33	5.25 82 1.30	5.5 73 1.27	5.75 59 1.23	6 28 1.18	5.75 ND 1.16	
	5–FS	kPa L/s kW	4 205 1.77	4.25 197 1.70	4.5 190 1.64	4.75 183 1.58	5.0 174 1.52	5.25 165 1.46	5.5 153 1.38	5.75 136 1.30	6 106 1.16	6.05 82 1.05	5.75 ND .75
	6–FS	kPa L/s kW	4 310 2.5	4.25 299 2.44	4.5 287 2.36	4.75 275 2.29	5.0 263 2.21	5.25 247 2.1	5.5 228 2.0	5.75 195 1.84	6 141 1.58	5.89 71 1.25	5.5 ND .94
	7–FS	kPa L/s kW	5.75 92 1.49	6.0 87 1.44	6.25 82 1.40	6.5 80 1.38	6.75 75 1.34	7.0 71 1.31	7.25 64 1.23	7.5 54 1.21	7.75 35 1.12	7.8 19 1.02	7.75 ND .98
	8–FS	kPA L/s kW	5.75 179 2.25	6.0 172 2.21	6.25 165 2.18	6.5 160 2.14	6.75 153 2.06	7.0 141 2.03	7.25 129 1.95	7.5 115 1.85	7.75 85 1.67	7.83 56 1.5	7.75 ND 1.2
C	9–FS	kPa L/s kW	5.75 247 3.0	6.0 240 2.85	6.25 233 2.78	6.5 226 2.7	6.75 219 2.63	7.0 212 2.55	7.25 202 2.44	7.5 190 2.33	7.75 172 2.18	8.05 106 1.65	7.75 ND 1.31